

SPRIT OF REVOLT GROWS IN GERMANY AS FOOD SHORTENS

Ten Thousand Munitions Workers in Magdeburg Engaged in Bloody Riot and Were Prevented From Burning the City Hall in Strong Prussian City Only by Force of Arms

ANOTHER STRIKE BREAKS OUT IN ESSEN

Von Hindenburg Issues Appeal in Which He Declares That Interests of the German People Must be Subordinated to the Military Forces—Rigid Censorship Obscures Situation

Interest in the great French offensive on the Aisne gives way to-day to startling news from the interior of Germany. Veiled though the situation is in the mists of a rigid censorship and obscured by the shackled condition of the German press, sufficient has leaked through to indicate that the German empire is facing a great economic and political crisis.

The latest information received is that 10,000 striking munitions workers have engaged in a bloody riot in the great Prussian fortress town of Magdeburg and were only prevented from burning the city hall after a sharp clash with the military. This story comes from the Dutch frontier.

On its heels arrives an account of demands made by the leaders of the Berlin strike. The demands are of such a revolutionary character that compliance with them would mean the prompt ending of the militarist regime in the German empire. The exact status of the strike movement in Germany is not known, but it is certain that a very considerable portion of the munitions workers have been affected. There are reports of a new strike at Essen, and Magdeburg is the site of an important branch of the great Krupp establishment.

An indication of the serious situation is afforded by the fact that Von Hindenburg has considered it necessary to make a personal appeal to the workers, in which he denounced strikes as inexcusable crimes against the fighting forces.

GERMAN PEOPLE HIT HARD.

But They Must Suffer to Keep the Soldiers Fighting.

London, April 21.—A message sent by Field Marshal von Hindenburg to Gen. Groener, head of the German munitions department, with reference to strikes in industrial communities, has been received here by wireless from Berlin. Field Marshal von Hindenburg says he recognizes that the population has been hit hard by the reduction of the bread ration, but that undoubtedly the increase in meat and the regular delivery of potatoes will compensate therefor. While he is convinced that the authorities will see to the proper distribution of foodstuffs, the field marshal said:

"I am, therefore, quite unable to see how the food situation can be made the ground for strikes by workers while our present position on the western front, which must be fought out there, demands an undiminished production of war supplies of all kinds. This is the first task and takes precedence over all others."

"Every strike, however small, may be the means of an unjustifiable weakening of our defensive force, and is an inexcusable crime against the fighting forces, especially the men in the trenches, who bleed in consequence."

A Renter despatch from Amsterdam says that Von Hindenburg concludes his message by asking Gen. Groener to see that all means are employed to continue the production and dispatch of arms and ammunition, and also to have the necessary explanation given the armament workers to mend which "in my opinion appears the principle for attaining our great aim."

VOICE TO KEEP UP STRIKE.

When German Chancellor Declined to Discuss the Situation.

Amsterdam, April 21.—Via London.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, says the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, having declined to discuss the strike situation with a deputation headed by Hugo Haase, president of the executive committee of the New Independent Socialist party, 30,000 workers in four factories in greater Berlin decided to continue their strike.

DESERTERS FIRED UPON.

More Than 500 Germans Tried to Enter Holland.

Amsterdam, April 21, via London.—More than five hundred German fugitives, sailors and landrums, tried to cross the Belgian frontier from the environs of Knocke to near Cadix and Holland Monday night, says the Handelsblad, but the attempted desertion was frustrated after the party had been pursued and attacked by Uhlans. The deserters were fired on by the Uhlans with machine guns and in a fight, which lasted a half hour, 38 of the deserters were wounded.

STARVING BECAUSE HAD GERMAN NAME

Young Man Claimed He Could Not Get Work in New York—Court Attaches Aided Him.

New York, April 21.—While Supreme Court Justice Lehman was presiding in special term yesterday a young man, rather well dressed, shuffled in and dropped into a rear seat. As the court looked in his direction he attempted to rise, but collapsed with a groan and fell backward across the bench.

Justice Lehman, threw aside his robe and made record time to the stranger's side. Blood was flowing from a laceration in his forehead, where it had struck against a bench as he fell.

"What is the matter?" asked the court. "I came in to rest. I am starving," the man said.

"Get a doctor," called the justice, and officers began a search for one. Justice Lehman found a doctor himself in a few minutes and brought him into the room. Then, as court officers were bringing sandwiches and hot milk, the justice pulled forth a \$5 bill and said the man would be his guest for the time being.

35 LYNN SHOE PLANTS CLOSED THEIR DOORS

Nearly 14,000 Workers are Thrown Out of Employment—Manufacturers and Workers at Odds Over Wages.

Lynn, Mass., April 21.—The Lynn Shoe Manufacturers' association, whose members control 35 plants, announced to-day that they ceased to make shoes because of the present labor conditions. Thirty factories are already closed and others will suspend to-night. Nearly 14,000 employees are affected.

A statement issued by George W. Gage, secretary of the association, declared that the manufacturers found it impossible to accept contracts with a feeling that the unions, under threat of a strike, would not demand increased wages and other conditions detrimental to the trade. The union leaders say the manufacturers have not replied to the recent request for a 10 per cent increase in wages.

CENSORSHIP FAVORED.

Senate Voted, 43 to 33, to Adopt Clause in Espionage Bill.

Washington, April 21.—The Senate recorded itself yesterday in favor of press censorship during the war. A censorship bill, after discussion, was retained in the bill by a vote of 43 to 33, in which partisan division was disregarded. The vote came after three days of sharp debate, and was regarded as definitely forecasting final retention of the censorship provisions.

Later the bill, still far from completed, was laid aside indefinitely to permit consideration of the war army measure. The House judiciary committee has completed its draft of the espionage bill, also with a censorship clause, and will report it Monday. The provision was finally accepted by the Senate, follows:

"Whoever, in time of war, in violation of reasonable regulations to be prescribed by the president, which he is hereby authorized to make and promulgate, shall publish any information with respect to the movement, numbers, description, condition or disposition of any of the armed forces, ships, aircraft, or war materials of the United States, or with respect to the plans or conduct of any naval or military operations, or with respect to any works or measures undertaken for or connected with, or intended for the fortification or defense of any place, or any other information relating to the public defense calculated to be useful to the enemy, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than ten years, or by both such fine and imprisonment, providing that nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or restrict, nor shall any regulation hereinafter provided for limit or restrict any discussion, comment and criticism of the acts or policies of the government, or its representatives or the publication of the same."

Advocates of the provision admitted that it would confer wide powers upon the president to restrict publication of military matters both in the press or by individuals, in speeches, or otherwise. It was declared that it was unconstitutional and the most drastic curb upon freedom of speech and the press guaranteed by the constitution ever proposed during the nation's entire history.

Before the final vote the original committee draft, much more sweeping and drastic, was greatly modified. The committee proposed to prohibit not only the publication of military information except under presidential regulations, but also its collection, recording or attempt to elicit it. Elimination of these additional restrictions was agreed to by those in charge of the bill, and approved by the Senate. Another change, upon an amendment of Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, provided that the presidential regulations shall be reasonable.

A substitute for the whole clause, submitted by Senator Cummins of Iowa, was rejected by a vote of 40 to 34. Senator Cummins, who insisted that the clause retained was unconstitutional, proposed that the president be authorized to prescribe regulations which would not abridge freedom of speech or the press and prohibit publication of actual military operations not including condition of the armed forces and other matters.

A PAID SECRETARY

Has Been Engaged by the Brattleboro Board of Trade.

Brattleboro, April 21.—The announcement that a permanent paid secretary had been engaged was made last night at the annual meeting of the Brattleboro Board of Trade. The secretary is Herbert E. Stieglitz of the Tuck school, Dartmouth college, who will begin his duties in May.

These directors were elected: Horton D. Walker, William L. Hunt, Albert C. Tenney, Oscar F. Benson, Charles G. Staples, Freeman Scott, Lyman E. Holden, Howard C. Rice, Clarence L. Stickney, J. Grady Ayley, Arthur F. Roberts, Martin Austin, Major C. Houghton and Arthur B. Clapp.

Charles A. Boyden was elected treasurer.

BRITISH TAKE ANOTHER TOWN NEAR CAMBRAI

Gonnellieu, Located Between That Place and St. Quentin, Fell Last Night, and the British Captured a Number of Prisoners in the Sharp Fighting

FRENCH ADVANCED SOUTH OF JUVINCOURT

Artillery Is Active Along the Whole Front of French Offensive—In the Argonne French Penetrated to Second Enemy Trench and Found Many Dead Germans

London, April 21.—British troops last night captured the village of Gonnellieu on the front between St. Quentin and Cambrai, it was officially announced to-day. A number of prisoners were taken in the sharp fighting.

Paris, April 21.—French troops made further gains last night in the grenade fighting south of Juvincourt and east of Courcy, and a German attack against Mont Haut failed, the war office announced to-day. The artillery was very active over the whole front of the French offensive, and the battle of guns raged with particular violence east of Craonne and north of Rheims.

The official statement last night was as follows:

"Between St. Quentin and the Oise there has been great activity by both armies, particularly in the region to the north of Grugies."

"The day was calm south of the Oise. To the north of the Aisne our troops, harassing the enemy, have continued to progress toward the Chemin des Dames. We have occupied the village of Sancy. About 6 o'clock this evening, after very violent preparation by their artillery, the Germans launched an attack with large effectives on the region of Ailles and Hurbise, which was broken by the fire of our artillery and machine guns and completely repulsed. The artillery fighting in this region continues very active."

"In Champagne we have captured several important points of support in the grove of Moronville, despite the stubborn resistance of the enemy."

"We have made since the 16th of April, between Soissons and Auberive, more than 19,000 prisoners. The number of guns which we have captured during the same period and have been counted up to the present exceed 100."

"In the Argonne, after sharp fighting, our detachments penetrated up to the second enemy trench. They found a number of German dead."

FRENCH ATTACKS FAILED

According to Official Statement of French War Office.

Berlin, via London, April 21.—"Yesterday afternoon," says the official statement issued to-day by the German army headquarters staff, "strong artillery firing commenced on the whole river Aisne front and also in Champagne. On Cham-dam-dames and in Champagne enemy attacks failed."

CANDIDATES ADMITTED

And Other Methodist Clergymen Placed on Retired List.

Newport, April 21.—At yesterday's session of the Methodist conference the following candidates were admitted on trial: A. J. Dunlop, Thetford Center; William A. Moore, Brattleboro; Walter W. Cook, Waterville; H. R. Campbell, West Enosburg; N. J. McFarland, Newport Center; E. L. Goddard, Stowe; N. E. Craig, Montpelier. The following were placed on the retired list: I. P. Chase, Albany; P. A. Smith, Groton; J. H. Bennett, Wilder; E. O. Thayer, California.

The invitation to hold next year's conference at St. Johnsbury was accepted. The meeting of the Laymen's association was held in the Congregational church, the program being arranged by Sanford Daniels, secretary. The Hon. Frank Plimley of Northfield was elected president, succeeding Senator W. P. Diltingham; V. A. Irish, Enosburg Falls, first vice-president; B. F. Moore, Newport, second vice-president; Leonard Wheeler, White River Junction, third vice-president; Sanford A. Daniels, Brattleboro, secretary and treasurer.

DEATH OF ST. JOHNSBURY MAN.

Newell L. Harlow Was Ill a Week with Pneumonia.

St. Johnsbury, April 21.—Newell L. Harlow, life-long resident of St. Johnsbury, died yesterday, aged 71, at his late residence, 15 Central street, after a week's illness of pneumonia.

He spent many years of his life in the service of E. & T. Fairbanks & Co. as a molder, though his last years were spent in the capacity of watchman. For 17 years he was a member of the Vermont National Guard, leaving the service only when too old to serve longer. He was a member of the South church from boyhood, his father serving as a deacon of the church before him.

Mr. Harlow is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Lefie Connolly of St. Johnsbury, a son, Charles M. Harlow of St. Albans, and a granddaughter, Mrs. John M. Wilkie of Windsor.

The funeral will be held from his late residence Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be at Mt. Pleasant cemetery.

MAKES THREAT TO GERMANY

Argentine Republic Will Break Off Relations and Arm Her Ships

IF BERLIN TRIES TO EVADE BLAME

Sinking of the Monte Protegideo Cause of a Sharp Note

Buenos Aires, April 21.—The government has sent an energetic note to Germany demanding complete satisfaction for the sinking of the Argentinean sailing ship Monte Protegideo. The Argentine minister is instructed immediately to break off relations if Germany attempts to evade responsibility for the loss of the vessel. The minister was told to inform the Berlin government that if prompt satisfaction is not given, the Argentine republic will follow the course of the United States and Brazil and arm its ships against submarines.

WATCHING FOR PRO-GERMANS.

About 3,000 Suspected Persons are Under Surveillance.

Washington, D. C., April 21.—Approximately 3,000 German residents of the United States are under close surveillance, department of justice officials announced yesterday, because of their activities in behalf of the German government before America's entry into the war or because of their pro-German sympathies.

The department's field force of investigators, now grown to formidable proportions, is keeping so close a watch on the small army of suspected persons that it is possible, it is authoritatively stated, to arrest virtually every man under suspicion within 24 hours. The suspects are located in every state of the union.

To meet the demands of the unceasing watch upon these individuals the department's bureau of investigation has been greatly enlarged since the beginning of hostilities with Germany and recruits are added daily to the staff.

Patriotic organizations and many other civilian societies also have offered their aid. Letters from auxiliary sources to the bureau are being received at the rate of approximately 1,000 a day. To meet apparent confusion in the public mind as to which department of government is charged with the duty of enforcing the president's proclamation relating to alien enemies resident in the United States, it was stated at the department of justice that the president had delegated to that department on April 6, the full enforcement of the terms of his proclamation.

MANY COWS POISONED

When They Went Investigating in a Neighboring Lot.

Salt and paris green as a dairy ration have a positively deleterious effect on cattle, even in these days of intensively queer notions about farming, and evidence indisputable in this premise is in the possession of Richard Truba, who is in charge of the Shepard farm on the Montpelier road. Three of Mr. Truba's best milkers are dead, two are on the threshold of the bovine happy hunting ground and seven others are getting their instructions from a veterinarian. Signs of poisoning were noticed in the herd Thursday night. Dr. O. E. Barr was called, but before he could make a move three cows were dead. All told 12 had been affected by a ration which the farm had not included in his diet list for the dairy. Investigation disclosed the fact that the cows, turned out to pasture in the forenoon, had broken through a strip of fence and into the meadow lot of a neighbor.

Dr. Barr had satisfied himself that poison was responsible for the condition of the stock and as the investigation proceeded it developed that the cows had browsed their way into a shed or lean-to in the meadow. There a mixture of salt and paris green had been left by accident and the curiosity of the four-footed trespassers was not satisfied until all had been poisoned. The dead cows were valued at \$200 and more. Two of the herd are in a dangerous condition, but may survive. The others are recovering.

ADVISED TO ENROLL.

University of Vermont Upper Classmen Urged to Train for Officers.

Burlington, April 21.—Every male student in the junior and senior collegiate classes at the University of Vermont was advised yesterday by Pres. Guy Potter-Benton to enroll for the reserve officers' camp to be established by the national government at Fort Ethan Allen on May 1.

The students in the medical and agricultural colleges were counseled to show their patriotism by continuing their studies.

All students attending the camp will be given credit for the year's work in all subjects in which they are doing satisfactory work at present, as will the students who enter any branch of the national service. The medical college will remain open during the summer months.

The camp will be composed of students from all of the colleges in New England, as well as members of the officers' reserve corps. The University of Vermont will be represented by about 150 men. The total attendance at the camp will not exceed 2,500. Immediately following the first camp a second will be established, and these will continue probably as long as the war lasts.

WATERBURY MAN INJURED.

S. W. Livingston's Name Included in Canadian Casualty List.

Ottawa, Ont., April 21.—S. W. Livingston of Waterbury, Vt., is mentioned among the Americans wounded in the Canadian casualty list, issued here yesterday.

ONLY 36 CASES

On Trial Calendar of May Term of the Supreme Court.

The docket and trial calendars for the May term of supreme court, which opens in Montpelier, Tuesday, May 1, have been issued and are being distributed by Clerk Lewis C. Moody.

The trial calendar contains only 36 cases, but more will probably be added the opening day of the term. Washington county has but one case set for hearing, but several others will be added from the docket, and the same may be true in other counties.

The cases in the order set for hearing are:

Essex county—Charles W. Hitchcock vs. George Kennison; George A. Humphrey vs. O. A. Wheeler; in re. will of Abel G. Bugbe; Irene M. Blanchard and Jeanette B. Steuber, appts., probate appeal.

Essex county—W. H. Hobbs & Son vs. Grand Trunk Railway Co.

Caledonia county—The Continental Jewelry Co., apt., vs. estate of David Frechette; Leon Dane vs. Neoma Bean; State vs. George W. Bolton, procuring abortion.

Windsor county—Mary W. O'Connor vs. Charles F. Guild, petition for new trial; State of Vermont vs. Eliza Blanchard, adultery; Rawleigh Co. vs. Pierce, Hazen & Huntley, petition for new trial.

Windham county—Ethel E. Cutler vs. Merton A. Doolittle; H. A. Staten vs. Central Vermont Railway Co., action under section 4508 of public statutes; Wilson I. Brown vs. Connecticut River Power Co.; Richard B. Reed vs. Illum Lumber Co.

Bennington county—In re. estate of W. R. Morgan, H. D. Fillmore, adm., estate of Mason C. Morgan, adm., Fanny T. Morgan, adm., estate of William R. Morgan, apt., appeal from probate.

Rutland county—Gustavus A. Haskins vs. U. S. Weaver, negligence; Evelyn N. LaMountain, adm., of George L. LaMountain, deceased, vs. Rutland Railway Co., negligence; Town of Mt. Holly vs. Town of Cavendish; Mary L. Brown vs. Vermont Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Washington county—State vs. Usebio Albano, assault with intent to kill.

Franklin county—Evarston K. Smith vs. E. H. Martin and S. H. Martin; in re. John G. Kennan, disbarment proceedings.

Chittenden county—The Old Bee Hive vs. Bauman & Spelling, appts., The J. W. McLaughlin Co., trustee, vs. E. A. B. Blair vs. Fred Busby, apt.; Western Telephone Co. vs. John E. Lavell; Adelaide B. Hill vs. The Burlington Traction Co., negligence; Etienne Lalup vs. City of Burlington, negligence; William T. McGraw vs. Frank E. Eldred, apt.; J. H. Gray vs. S. E. Pope; Porter Screen Mfg. Co. vs. Central Vermont Railway Co., negligence; Gilbo & Swartz, successors to Gilbo & Tobin, vs. estate of Anne F. Merrill, Jas. A. Merrill, adm., appeal from commissioners; Max L. Powell et al. vs. Jas. A. Merrill, apt.; G. B. Arnold vs. E. X. Somers; Spooling & Winding Co. vs. O. L. Hinds; Delia Adeline Trask vs. John J. Kelleher, appeal from city court; Delia Adeline Trask vs. Alfred Fountain, appeal from city court.

RAILROADS FINED.

Because of Violation of the Safety Appliance Law.

Burlington, April 21.—The work of the February term of United States court was completed yesterday. Judge Howe made decisions in cases against the Central Vermont and Boston & Maine railroads. There are two cases on alleged violations of the safety appliance law. The Boston & Maine was fined \$100 and costs in one case and \$200 and costs in the other. In the Central Vermont cases the fine was \$300 and costs in each case.

Harris Levin, who early in the term pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with the purchase of stolen government property, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$150. He is a junk dealer and bought property stolen by soldiers at Fort Ethan Allen.

FOUND DYNAMITE ON BRIDGE.

An Explosion Would Have Probably Wrecked the Structure.

Middlebury, April 21.—A stick of dynamite, 10 or 12 inches long, wrapped in brown paper, was found about daybreak yesterday underneath a steel plate of the bridge located about half a mile from the Middlebury station on the road between Middlebury and Salisbury, by Private Harold Smith of D company, patrol, V. N. G., which has been guarding the bridge. The dynamite was placed in such a manner that the passing of a train over the bridge would almost certainly have resulted in an explosion. The rain of the previous night had made the dynamite soggy and is believed to have prevented a catastrophe. The military and village authorities are investigating the affair but as yet have found no clues.

FUNERAL AT WEBSTERVILLE.

That of Mrs. Margaret Murray Was Held Friday Afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Murray, who died at her home in Websterville Wednesday after a week's illness with peritonitis, was held at her late home yesterday afternoon, Rev. Bishop officiating. Interment was in the Wilson cemetery for the time being. The bearers were James Raycraft, William Mattson, William Edwards and Robert Mackie. Later the body will be taken to Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Murray was formerly a resident of Pictou, N. S., but had lived in Websterville for 15 years. She was 77 years of age and leaves four children, as follows: John William Murray of St. Johnsbury; Alex. Murdoch of California; Margaret Murray of Boston and Peter Murray of Websterville.

VERMONTERS ARE URGED TO DEFEAT SPECULATOR

The Times received the following telegram to-day from Rev. Fraser Metzger of the Vermont committee of public safety:

"Please warn farmers and patriotic Vermonters against selling seed potatoes or beans to speculators. The state needs all."

DIED IN VAIN RESCUE EFFORT

Ezra Lawrence Tried to Save Joseph Harding from Death on Track

BOTH WERE STRUCK BY F. M. FREIGHT

Harding as a National Guard Man Doing Duty in Enfield, N. H.

Enfield, N. H., April 21.—Joseph Harding of Lowell, Mass., a national guardman, and Ezra Lawrence of this town were killed by a Boston & Maine freight train to-day. According to the story of the witnesses, Harding was sitting beside the track when the train came into sight, and Lawrence, who lived nearby and who apparently thought that the guardman was asleep, rushed onto the bridge in order to warn him. Both were struck by the train. Harding was 18 years of age and Lawrence about 35.

DENOUNCES FOOD SPECULATORS.

As "Worse Than Slackers" and as "Parasite Middlemen."

Learning that food speculators are operating extensively in Vermont the food conservation department of the public safety committee, which department is headed by Rev. Fraser Metzger, has issued the following warning:

"The endeavors of the food conservation department of the public safety committee of Vermont are being hampered by the presence of speculators in the field. The biggest problem of the department is to obtain seed potatoes and beans for the citizens, boys and girls that will willingly offer their brain and brawn to their country's need. These seed must be produced as reasonable as possible."

"Speculators in the markets at this time are worse than slackers. They are unnecessarily boosting prices, thereby greatly increasing the cost of production. Such men are parasites on the people."

"The public safety committee makes an urgent appeal to all farmers and dealers in the state not to sell seed to speculators. Around the parasite middleman in this time of the nation's crisis. Supply the willing citizens, boys and girls of your own community, at a reasonable price."

GOLF TROPHIES PRESENTED

At Social of the Barre Golf Club Last Evening.

Golfers of the Barre Golf club gathered in Pythian hall last evening for their annual spring assembly, struck a vein of optimism that bodes well for a successful summer and autumn on the links. Augurs of a good year for the club were in the responses made when trophies won in 1916 were awarded and in the interesting informal talk given by S. Hollister Jackson. Around 50 people were present and the presentation ceremony was in charge of Duncan McMillan, jr., president of the club. Mr. Jackson's words were very largely concerned with golf in general and the Barre Golf club in particular. Apt alliteration's artful aid was abiding with the speaker when he said that the members of the local club, after watchfully waiting for the weary winter to wear away, could afford to welcome spring with a smile. Already golfers have heard the call of the open and in the past fortnight some of their number have been over the course.

An interesting program included, in addition to Mr. Jackson's remarks, a vocal solo by George F. Mackay, who was accompanied by Miss Hazel Mackay; Leslie Mercer, the youthful step dancer, who executed the sailor's hornpipe and an Irish jig; and Miss Madeline McDonald, who sang a ballad. After the program a buffet luncheon was served and then cards were enjoyed.

Awards were made as follows: Championship cup, W. H. Johnston; runner-up, Joseph Connolly of Foster street, cup; winner in the second eight, James Freeland, cup; winner in the third eight, James C. Robertson, golf club; men's weekly, class A, J. Edward Walsh, cup; men's weekly, class B, Joseph Connolly, cup; round robin, James Freeland, metal figure of a golfer addressing himself to the ball; annual low gross score, W. H. Johnston, mug; annual handicap, David Stuart, mug; ladies' championship, Miss Addie Averill, golf club; ladies' weekly tournament, Miss Mary Carleton, cup; ladies' annual handicap, Mrs. C. A. Dodge, sandwich plate.

MASONIC OFFICERS

Were Chosen by Granite Lodge, No. 35, Last Evening.

The annual communication of Granite lodge, No. 35, of A. O. U. M. was held last evening in the Masonic lodge rooms at 105 North Main street. The reports of the officers showed that a very successful and satisfactory year has just closed with a substantial gain in membership. At the close of the meeting the members assembled in the banquet hall, where a supper prepared by a committee of ladies from Ruth chapter, No. 33, of E. S., was served to nearly 200 members. The menu consisted of beef, pork, macaroni, rolls and a substantial list of dessert.

At the close of the banquet a program was opened by the orchestra which had furnished music while the men banqueted, the opening number being "America," to which all stood as they sang the words, and was followed by a well-planned and interesting program of wide-spread subjects which are of interest to-day, the closing being given by Nathaniel Bond, a veteran of the Civil war, who pictured to the listeners his experiences through four years of that bloody strife.

The officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows: William Cole, jr., W. M.; Sidney G. Kidd, S. W.; Arthur Averill, J. W.; George J. Seager, S. D.; Frank J. Martin, J. D.; Howard H. Reid, S. S.; Harry M. Wilder, J. S.; James Curtis, chaplain; Max C. Fisher, marshal; Carl C. Huse, tyler; W. H. Messer, pianist; Frank W. Jackson, treasurer; J. C. Wyllie, secretary.